Module Name :	Modern Physics				
Module Level :	Undergraduate				
Code :	32255013				
Sub-heading, if applicable :					
Classes, if applicable :					
Semester :	3 rd				
Module coordinator :	Dr. Esmar Budi, M.T.				
Lecturer(s) :	Dr. Esmar Budi, M.T.				
	Fauzi Bakri, M.Si				
	Dr. Hadi Nasbey, S.Pd., M.Si				
Language :	Indonesian				
Classification within the curriculum :	Compulsory course				
Type of Teaching					
	Contact hours per week during the semester	Class Size			
Lecture (Expository, discussion, exercise)	150 minutes	40			
Workload	Total workload of this course 136 hours (4.5 ECTS) per semester which consist of 40 hours (1.32 ECTS) classroom activity, 48 hours (1.59 ECTS) structured task, and 48 hours (1.59 ECTS) per semester.				
Credit points :	4,5 ECTS				
Prerequisite course(s) :	-				
Course Outcomes :	After taking this course the student have ability to :				
	CLO1. Able to study the concepts and theories of modern physics.CLO2. Able to apply the concepts and theories of Modern Physics to solve atomic physics and relativity problems.				

Modern Physics

	CLO3. Able to design Modern Physics experiments. Able to				
	produce vibration system design.				
Contont	1. Weaknesses of Classical Division				
Content :	1. Weaknesses of Classical Physics				
	 Classical Flipsics Review The week page of elegical physics in the 				
	• The weaknesses of classical physics in the				
	• Weaknesses of classical theory in the concept of				
	• weaknesses of classical theory in the concept of				
	2 Special Theory of Delativity				
	2. Special Theory of Relativity				
	Classical relativity Mishalasa Masharamaninaant				
	Michelson-Morley experiment Einstein a sectolates				
	• Einstein s postulates				
	• Lorentz transformation				
	3. Particle like nature of radiation Electromagnetic				
	• Review of electromagnetic waves				
	Photoelectric effect				
	• Thermal radiation				
	• Compton effect				
	4. Wave nature of particles.				
	• De'Broglie hypothesis and evidence Experiment				
	• Uncertainty relationship in classical				
	• Heisenberg uncertainty				
	• Wave packet				
	5. Schrodinger equation				
	• Wave properties on the boundary plane				
	Schrodinger equation				
	Applications of Schrodinger Equation				
	• Simple harmonic oscillator				
	6. Atomic Model				
	 Basic properties of atoms 				
	• Scattering and Thomson Model				
	Rutherford's atomic nucleus				
	• Line spectra				
	Bohr's Atomic Model				
	• Frank-Hertz experiment				
	7. Many-electron atoms				
	Pauli exclusion principle				
	• Electronic states in atoms many electrons				
	Optical transitions				
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Study/exam achievements:	Examination are conducted as unit test as following				
study exam demovements.	Examination are conducted as unit test, as following				

	No	Assesment Object	Assesment Technique	Weight	
	1	Individual Assignment	Written test	10%	
	2	Group Paper	Presentation	10%	
	3	Group Presentation	Discussion	10%	
	4	Midterm Test	Written test	35%	
	5	Final Test	Written test	35%	
Media :	Laptop/Computer, Epsilon (Study Program E-Learning), University LMS, Office, Zoom Meeting				
Literatures :	 Thomton, S. T. and Rex, A. Modern Physics for Scientists and Engineers 3rd Edition. Singapore: Thomson, 2006. (Thomton and Rex) Krane, K. Modern Physics 2nd Edition. New York: John Wiley & Sons, 1996. (Krane) Beiser, A. Concept of Modern Physics 5th Edition. New York: Mc Graw Hill, 1995. (Beiser) Salasnich, L. (2022). Modern Physics: Introduction to Statistical Mechanics, Relativity, and Quantum Physics. Springer Nature. Salasnich, L., & Salasnich, L. (2017). The Origins of Modern Physics. Quantum Physics of Light and Matter: Photons, Atoms, and Strongly Correlated Systems, 1- 20. Heilbron, J. L. (2022). Elements of early modern physics. Univ of California Press. Planck, M. (2022). The universe in the light of modern physics. DigiCat 				